

SEQUENTIAL

- ELIMINATE ALL STATES
- NLP IN CONTROLS ONLY
- NLP NOT SPARSE
(REDUCED NLP)

SIMULTANEOUS

- KEEP STATES IN NLP
(FULL SPACE)
- NLP SPARSE (TODAY)

Compute GRADIENT
OF OBJECTIVE
IN RED. NLP
VIA BACKWARD AD

~~GRAD~~

$$\boxed{\lambda_{k+1}}$$

$$\parallel f(x_n, \dot{x}_n) - x_{n+1} = 0$$

~~GRAD~~ → BAR QUANTITIES SAME
AS MULTIPLIERS

CH 6: SPARSITY OF OCP (SIMULTANEOUS)

minimize

$x_0, u_0, x_1, u_1, \dots, x_N$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} L_k(x_k, u_k) + E(x_N)$$

~~$f_k(x_k, u_k, x_{k+1}) = 0$~~

s.t.

$$f_k(x_k, u_k) - \boxed{x_{k+1}} = 0, \quad k=0, \dots, N-1$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} r_k(x_k, u_k)$$

$$+ r_N(x_N) = 0$$

(COUPLED CONSTRAINTS)

$$h_k(x_k, u_k) \leq 0, \quad k=0, \dots, N-1$$

$$h_N(x_N) \leq 0$$

} DECOUPLED CONSTRAINTS

⑤

$$\min_w F(w) \text{ s.t. } G(w) = 0, \quad H(w) \leq 0$$

EX: $x_0 - x_N = 0$ $r_0 = x_0, r_1 = 0, \dots, r_{N-1} = 0, r_N = -x_N$

$$\mathcal{L}(w, \lambda, \mu) = F(w) + \lambda^T G(w) + \mu^T H(w) = \dots$$

6.1 PARTIAL SEPARABILITY OF LAGRANGIAN

DEF 14 (PARTIAL SEPARABILITY): $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is PARTIALLY SEPARABLE IFF IT IS A SUM OF $f_j: \mathbb{R}^{n_j} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ WITH $j=1, \dots, m$ AND $n_j \leq n$ WITH SUBSETS $I_j \subset \{1, \dots, n\}$ AND SUBVECTORS x_{I_j} SUCH THAT:

$$f(x) = \sum_{j=1}^m f_j(x_{I_j})$$

Ex:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2, x_3) &= \underline{x_1 \cdot x_2} + \underline{x_1 \cdot x_3} + x_3 \cdot x_2 \\ &= f_1(x_1, x_2) + f_2(x_1, x_3) + f_3(x_2, x_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = \{1, 2\}$$

$$x_{I_1} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_2 = \{1, 3\}$$

$$x_{I_2} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_3 = \{2, 3\}$$

$$x_{I_3} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^2 f = \nabla^2 f_1 + \nabla^2 f_2 + \nabla^2 f_3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ x & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x & x & 0 \\ x & x & x \\ 0 & x & x \end{bmatrix}$$

THM: $\mathcal{L}(w, \lambda, r)$ is PARTIALLY SEPARABLE, i.e.

$$\boxed{\mathcal{L}(w, \lambda, r) = \sum_{k=0}^N \mathcal{L}_k(w_k, \lambda_k, r)}$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_0 \\ \vdots \\ w_{N-1} \\ w_N \end{bmatrix}$$

WITH $w_k = \begin{bmatrix} x_k \\ u_k \end{bmatrix}$ FOR $k=0, \dots, N-1$ - $w_N := x_N$

AND FOR $k=1, \dots, N-1$

$$\mathcal{L}_k(w_k, \lambda_k, r) = L_k(x_k, u_k) + \lambda_k u_k^\top f_k(x_k, u_k) \quad \text{(circled term)} \\ - \lambda_k^\top x_k + \mu_k^\top h_k(x_k, u_k) \\ + \lambda_r^\top r_k(x_k, u_k)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_0(w_0, \cdot) = " \quad \text{(circled term)}$$

"



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$$\mathcal{L}_N(w_N, \cdot) = E(x_N) \quad \text{(circled term)} \quad - \lambda_N^\top x_N + \mu_N^\top h_N(x_N) + \lambda_r^\top r_N(x_N)$$

$$\nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L} = \sum_{k=0}^n \nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L}_k = \left[\begin{array}{c|ccccc} + & \star & & & & \\ \hline & \star & \pi & & & \\ & 0 & & G & & \\ \vdots & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & \end{array} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c|ccccc} 0 & 0 & & & & \\ \hline & 0 & 0 & & & \\ & 0 & & G & & \\ \hline & \star & \star & & & \\ & \pi & \pi & & & \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & & \\ \vdots & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & \end{array} \right] + \dots + \left[\begin{array}{c|ccccc} & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L}_0 + \nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L}_1 + \dots + \nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L}_N$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_k \partial w_j} = 0 \quad \text{for } k \neq j}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Q_1 \\ Q_2 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ Q_N \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \star & & & & \\ \star & \star & & & \\ \star & & \star & & \\ \star & & & \star & \\ \star & & & & \star \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q_k := \nabla_w^2 \mathcal{L}_k(w_k, \lambda, \alpha)$$

$$Q_k \in \mathbb{R}^{n_{w_k} \times n_{w_k}}$$

$$n_{w_k} = n_x + n_u, \quad n_{w_N} = n_x$$

$$(k=0, \dots, N-1)$$

NO LECTURE THIS FRIDAY

(FREE, READ CH 1 - 6)
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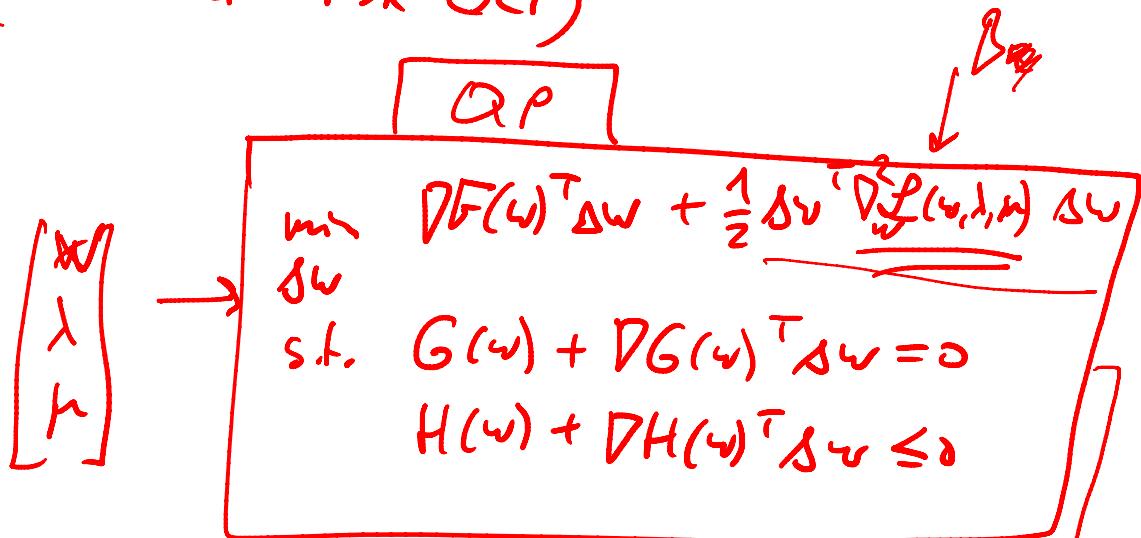
NEXT MONDAY : LECTURE

DIMITRIS KOUZOURIS
(SRANGE AP SOLVERS,
6.3)

6.2 SPARSE QP (IN SQP FOR OCR)

RECALL: SQP

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min_w & F(w) \\ \text{s.t.} & G(w) = 0 \\ & H(w) \leq 0 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} w^* \\ \lambda^* \\ \mu^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w^* + \delta w^{QP} \\ \lambda^{QP} \\ \mu^{QP} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_w^2 L = \begin{bmatrix} Q_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & Q_N \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(w) = \begin{bmatrix} f_0(x_0, u_0) - x_1 \\ \vdots \\ f_{n-1}(\dots) - x_n \\ \sum r_u(u, u_0) + c_N \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H(w) = \begin{bmatrix} h_0 \\ \vdots \\ h_N \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla H(\omega)^T = \frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega}(\omega) = \begin{bmatrix} \nabla_{\omega} h_0(x_0, \omega_0)^T \\ \nabla_{\omega} h_1(x_1, \omega_1)^T \\ \vdots \\ \nabla_{\omega} h_N(x_N)^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & \omega_0 & x_1 & \omega_1 & \dots & x_N \\ \star & \star & 0 & 0 & \dots & \\ 0 & 0 & x_0 + 1 & 0 & \dots & \\ - & - & - & . & 0 & 1 \star \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H(\nu) + \nabla H(\omega)^T \Delta \omega = \begin{bmatrix} h_0(x_0, \omega_0) + H_0 \cdot \Delta \omega_0 \\ \vdots \\ h_n(x_n, \omega_n) + H_n \Delta \omega_n \\ \vdots \\ h_N(x_N) + H_N \Delta X_N \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} H_0 & & & & & \\ & H_1 & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & D & & \\ & & & & H_{n+1} & \\ & & & & & H_N \end{bmatrix}$$

BLOCK DIAGONAL

$$h_k(x_k, \omega_k) + H_k \begin{bmatrix} \Delta X_k \\ \Delta \omega_k \end{bmatrix} \leq 0$$

$k=0, \dots, N-1$

$$G(\omega) + D G(\omega)^T \delta v = \left[\begin{array}{l} \underbrace{(f_0(x_0, u_0) - x_1)}_{=: a_0} + A_0 \cdot \delta x_0 + B_0 \cdot \delta u_0 - I \cdot \delta x_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_{N-1} + A_{N-1} \delta x_{N-1} + B_{N-1} \delta u_{N-1} - I \cdot \delta x_N \\ \hline (\sum r_n + r_N) + \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} R_n \cdot \delta w_n + R_N \cdot \delta w_N \end{array} \right]$$

$$A_n := \frac{\partial f_k}{\partial x_n}(x_n, u_n)$$

$$B_n := \frac{\partial f_k}{\partial u_n}(x_n, u_n)$$

$$R_n = \frac{\partial r_n}{\partial x_n}(x_n, u_n)$$

$$R_N = \frac{\partial r_N}{\partial x_N}(x_N)$$

$$DG^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & u_0 & x_1 & u_1 & \dots & x_N \\ A_0 & B_0 & -I & & & \\ A_1 & B_1 & -I & & & \\ \vdots & & & & & \\ A_{N-1} & B_{N-1} & -I & & & \\ \hline R_0 & R_1 & \dots & R_N & & \end{bmatrix}$$

(QP - DETAILED FORM)

minimize
 $\delta x_0, \delta x_1, \dots, \delta x_N$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \left(\begin{bmatrix} \delta x_k \\ \delta u_k \end{bmatrix}^\top g_k + \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \delta x_k \\ \delta u_k \end{bmatrix}^\top Q_k \begin{bmatrix} \delta x_k \\ \delta u_k \end{bmatrix} \right) + g_N^\top \delta x_N + \frac{1}{2} \delta x_N^\top Q_N \delta x_N$$

s.t. $a_k + A_k \delta x_k + B_k \delta u_k - \delta x_{k+1} = 0, k=0, \dots, N-1$

$$r + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} R_k \begin{bmatrix} \delta x_k \\ \delta u_k \end{bmatrix} + R_N \delta x_N = 0$$

$$h_k + H_k \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \delta x_k \\ \delta u_k \end{bmatrix} \leq 0$$

$$h_N + H_N \cdot \delta x_N \leq 0$$

$$r = \sum_{k=0}^N r_k(x_k, u_k) + r_N(x_N)$$

$$g_k = \nabla_{u_k} L(x_k, u_k)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Q_0 \cdot \delta v_0 \\ Q_1 \cdot \delta v_1 \\ \vdots \\ Q_N \cdot \delta v_N \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} Q_0 & \cdots & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & Q_N \end{bmatrix}}_{D^2 \mathcal{L}} \begin{bmatrix} \delta v_0 \\ \vdots \\ \delta v_N \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Dw^T D^2 \mathcal{L} \delta v = \begin{bmatrix} \delta v_0^T \\ \vdots \\ \delta v_N^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q_0 \cdot \delta v_0 \\ \vdots \\ Q_N \cdot \delta v_N \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{k=0}^N \delta v_k^T Q_k \delta v_k$$